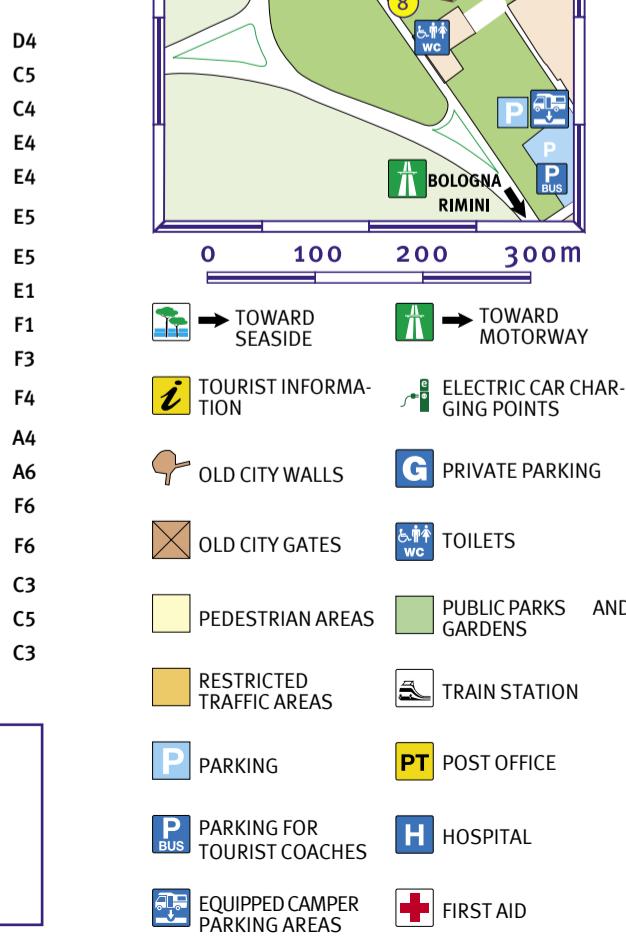


MONUMENTS INSCRIBED IN UNESCO'S WORLD HERITAGE LIST

- 1 BASILICA DI S. VITALE
 - 2 MAUSOLEO DI GALLA PLACIDIA
 - 3 BATTISTERO DEGLI ARIANI
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 - 5 CAPPELLA DI S. ANDREA
 - 6 BASILICA DI S. APOLLINARE NUOVO
 - 7 MAUSOLEO DI TEODORICO
 - 8 BASILICA DI S. APOLLINARE IN CLASSE
- BASILICAS AND CHURCHES**
- 10 S. CROCE
 - 11 S. MARIA MAGGIORE
 - 12 S. EUFEMIA
 - 13 S. GIOVANNI BATTISTA
 - 14 SPIRITO SANTO
 - 20 S. MARIA DEL SUFFRAGIO
 - 25 DUOMO
 - 29 S. FRANCESCO
 - 10 S. CROCE
 - 11 S. MARIA MAGGIORE
 - 12 S. EUFEMIA
 - 13 S. GIOVANNI BATTISTA
 - 14 SPIRITO SANTO
 - 20 S. MARIA DEL SUFFRAGIO
 - 25 DUOMO
 - 29 S. FRANCESCO

- 34 S. AGATA MAGGIORE
 - 35 S. GIOVANNI EVANGELISTA
 - 38 S. MARIA IN PORTO
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- 9 MUSEO NAZIONALE DI RAVENNA
 - 13 DOMUS DEI TAPPETI DI PIETRA
 - 14 PALAZZO GUICCIOLI MUSEO BYRON E DEL RISORGIMENTO
 - 15 MERCATO COPERTO
 - 16 TORRE CIVICA E SALA D'ATTORIE
 - 17 LA CASA DELLE MARIONETTE
 - 21 PIAZZA DEL POPOLO, MUNICIPIO, PREFETTURA
 - 22 TEATRO ALIGHIERI
 - 23 GIARDINO RASPOLI
 - 24 PICCOLO MUSEO DELLE BAMBOLE
 - 26 MUSEO ARCIVESCOVILE
 - 27 BIBLIOTECA ORIANI
 - 28 MUSEO DANTE E TOMBA DI DANTE
 - 30 PALAZZO DELLA PROVINCIA CRIPTA RASPOLI

- D5 S. MARIA DELLE CROCI
- E3 BIBLIOTECA CLASSENSE
- E5 CASA DANTE
- B2 PALAZZO DI TEODORICO
- B3 MAR MUSEO D'ARTE DELLA CITTÀ LOGGETTA LOMBARDESCA
- B3 PLANETARIO, GIARDINI PUBBLICI
- C3 ROCCA BRANCALEONE
- C3 PARCO DI TEODORICO
- C3 ALMAGIÀ
- C3 PALAZZO DELLE ARTI E DELLO SPORT "DE ANDRÉ"
- C3 FONTANA ARDEA PURPUREA
- C4 PARCO DELLA PACE
- C4 PARCO ARCHEOLOGICO DI CLASSE
- B3 MUSEO CLASSIS RAVENNA
- C4 MUSEO DANTE, BY KOBRA
- C5 FONDATION FLAMINIA
- C4 PALAZZO RASPOLI DALLE TESTE



UNESCO MONUMENTS

Ravenna has been recognized by Unesco as a World Heritage Site.

Eight Early Christian monuments of the city have been added to the Unesco World Heritage List because "The site is of outstanding universal value being of remarkable significance by virtue of the supreme artistry of the mosaic art that the monuments contain, and also because of the crucial evidence that they provide of artistic and religious relationships and contacts at an important period of European cultural history".

1 Basilica di San Vitale

Consecrated in 548 AD, it is one of the most important monuments of the Early Christian art. The eastern influence has a dominant role here: no longer a three-nave basilica but a central octagonal plan topped by a large cupola. Inside, your gaze is captured by the high spaces and the extraordinary mosaic decorations on the apse depicting the Byzantine imperial couple, Justinian and Theodora.

2 Mausoleo di Galla Placidia

This small mausoleum with a Latin cross plan was built halfway through the 5th century by Galla Placidia, the sister of Emperor Honorius. However, it was never used by the Empress, who was buried in Rome. The simplicity of the exterior contrasts with the lavish decoration of the interior. The countless mosaic stars of the dome have fascinated thousands of visitors, including the jazz player Cole Porter.

3 Battistero degli Ariani

It was built in the late 5th century under Theoderic, when the Arian cult was the official state religion. The stuccoes and the other decorations on the inner walls have entirely disappeared, but the original mosaics of the dome depicting the Baptism of Christ and the 12 apostles are still visible. Even though this iconography resembles that of the Neonian Baptistery, this one witnesses the Arian faith of the court.

4 Battistero degli Ortodossi (or Neoniano)

It is one of the oldest monuments in Ravenna, presumably dating back to the early 5th century, but its decoration goes back to the time of Bishop Neon (mid-5th century). The octagonal brick building features inner marble decorations, stuccoes, and mosaics of Hellenic-Roman influence. The ceiling mosaic depicts the Baptism of Christ surrounded by the 12 apostles.

5 Cappella di S. Andrea (or Cappella Arcivescovile)

Built as a private chapel by Bishop Peter II during Theoderic's rule, it is the only well-preserved archiepiscopal chapel of the Early Christian era. The cross-shaped chapel is preceded by a small vestibule, and both covered with marble and mosaics showing an anti-Arian glorification of Christ. The vestibule is covered by a golden sky in mosaic with 99 species of birds, some of which are typical of the territory.

6 Basilica di S. Apollinare Nuovo

Theoderic erected the basilica near his palace in the 6th century. The Basilica was originally an Arian-palatine Church, and its original inner mosaics attest the evolution of the Byzantine art from Theoderic's to Justinian's time. The 26 Christological scenes dating back to the rule of Theoderic are one of the biggest monumental cycles and the most ancient mosaic work of all times dedicated to the New Testament.

7 Mausoleo di Teodorico

Erected by Theoderic around 520 AD as his own resting place, this mausoleum of Istrian stone is divided into two decagonal orders crowned by a 10 m. large monolithic dome. Over the centuries, its decorations were gradually stripped off and the tomb was used for different functions. The mausoleum houses a porphyry tub, which, according to tradition, was the burial place of the Emperor.

8 Basilica di Sant'Apollinare in Classe

With an 8 km distance from the city centre, the basilica was built in the first half of the 6th century on an ancient burial area, in which the first bishop of Ravenna, Saint Apollinaris, was presumably buried. The building is one of the greatest examples of Early Christian basilicas. Despite the ran-

sacking over the centuries, the basilica has preserved its original splendour, and is still admired for its polychrome apse mosaics and for the ancient marble sarcophagi where the archbishops of Ravenna were buried.

OTHER MONUMENTS AND MUSEUMS

39 MAR - Museo d'Arte della città di Ravenna, Loggetta Lombardesca

The museum is housed in the Loggetta Lombardesca, a 16th-century old monastery belonging to the nearby Church of Santa Maria in Porto. Home to many temporary art exhibitions, the art museum hosts a medieval and modern art collection, and some contemporary mosaics ranging from the post-war years to the present day. It also includes the International Centre for the Documentation of Mosaics (CIDM).

9 Museo Nazionale di Ravenna

Situated in the cloisters of the former Benedictine monastery, next to the Basilica of San Vitale, the museum houses important minor arts collections (archaeological findings, precious textiles, ivories, etc.), as well as a 14th-century fresco cycle taken from the Church of Santa Chiara, currently the Luigi Rasi Theatre.

28 Museo Dantesco e Tomba di Dante

With the Old Franciscan Cloisters behind, inside the Dantesque Centre is hosted Dante's Museum with a collection of works inspired to the Supreme Poet. His remains rest inside the adjoining Dante's tomb, built by architect Camillo Morigia in 1780. The torch burning inside the tomb is fed with the olive oil of the city of Florence offers every year during a solemn ceremony on Dante's death anniversary.

26 Museo Arcivescovile

Situated in the Archiepiscopal Palace of Ravenna, the museum contains numerous artworks that belonged to the old cathedral and to other buildings that have now disappeared. The museum preserves the throne of Maximian, one of the most renowned ivory carvings of all times, and works of 6th-century Byzantine artists; moreover it is home to the Chapel of St. Andrew.

13 Domus dei Tappeti di Pietra

The Domus is one of the most important Italian archaeological discoveries of the last decades in Italy. It consists of a complex of buildings dating back from the Roman Republic up to the Byzantine period. One of the most interesting buildings is a small palace counting 14 rooms and 3 courtyards, all covered with marble tarsia and polychrome mosaics with refined patterns and figures (mid-6th century).

14 Palazzo Guiccioli - Byron Museum and Risorgimento Museum

The imposing historical palace – in the rooms where the poet loved and wrote – is now a museum where the dots of Byron's long stay in Ravenna are connected, and thanks to the interactive experience takes visitors to the 19th-century Ravenna, a mirror of poetic and patriotic impulses that travelled throughout Europe.

52 Palazzo Rasponi dalle Teste

The construction of Palazzo Rasponi began in the late 17th century. The "Rasponi" are the crossed lion pawns showing the claws that are depicted in the coat of arms of the family, whereas, the blindfolded Moors and lion heads decorating the windows turned the name of the palace, adding "dalle Teste". Today, it houses several exhibitions and cultural events.

49 Museo Classis Ravenna

One of the most important archaeological museums in Italy, it is a real journey in the history of Ravenna: from the Etruscan and Umbrian origins to the Roman and Late Imperial age, touching Theoderic's Reign and the period of the Byzantine conquest. The museum is a learning hub with trails dedicated to schools, and it is a research centre with educational and restoration workshops.



RAVENNA CITY CENTRE STREET GUIDE

Agnello	B3	Corti Alle Mura	C5	Guidone	C4	Portonino	A2
Al Molino Circonvallazione	A4-5/B5/C5	Costa A. Piazza	C3	Kennedy Piazza	C3-4	Portone	A2-3
Alberoni	E4	Costa P.	D3	Lametta	B-C6	Porziolino Vicolo	D4
Alighieri B.	D3-E3	Cura	A4-B3	Landoni	A2	Quattro Novembre	C3
Alighieri D.	D4			Lanzoni, Mons.	C1		
Alighieri P.	C-D2	D'Annunzio Piazza	C5	Levico	A-B6	Rampina	A2-3
Alla Rotonda Dei Goti Circ.ne	D-E-F1	D'Azeffio	B3	Lolli	B4	Randi Viale	A6
Amalasunta	E1	Da Polenta	C-D4	Longhi	B-C3	Rasponi F.	B4
Anastagi	D2	Dantona	A3	Lovatelli	A-B1	Rasponi G.	B4/C3-4
Aniene	F6	Darsena	F1-2-3			Rava	E2-3
Antica Zecca	D3	De Foix	E2			Ravegnana	D6
Antico Squero	F2	De Gasperi	C4-5		F3-4	Ravuzzi Vicolo	A2
Arbe	F1	De Tomai	D5		F3-4	Redipuglia	B-C6
Arcivescovado Piazza	C4	Degli Ariani Vicolo	D3		A-b2	Ricci C.	C4
Argentario	B2-3	Dei Poggi	F6		E3	Ricci R.	D6
Arno	F6	Dei Pozzi	A3		F4-5	Rocca ai Fossi	D-E2
Asiago	B5-6	Del Mangano	E1		C3	Rocca Brancaleone	E1-2-3
Atalarico	D1	Degli Spreti	A3-4		D3	Rondinelli	C5
Augusta	C5	Del Popolo Piazza	C3		E2-3	Rossi	C3-D2
Baccarini	C4-5	Dell'Arco	D6		C2	Rota	A1-B1
Bagioli	A1	Della Resistenza Piazza	A4		C5-D4	Rotta	B1
Baldini N. Viale	B5	Della Tesoreria Vecchia	C3-4		C2-3	Rubicone	F6
Baracca Piazza	B3	Dell'Unità d'Italia Piazza	C3		C4/D4-5	Sabbionara Posteriore	B-C1
Baracca Viale	A-B3	Dente	D4		C3-4	Salara	C2-3
Barbiani	B3	Destra Canale Molinetto	F5		A3	San Francesco Piazza	C-D4
Bargigia	A1	Di Roma	D2-3-4/E4-5		D-E1	San Gaetanino	B1-2/C1
Bassa Del Pignattaro	D5	Duca D'Aosta	B-C5		B1-2/C1	San Giovanni Bosco	E3-4
Bassi	D-E2	Duomo Piazza	B4		A5-6	San Mama	C6
Bastione	D5-6				C5-6	San Nicandoro Vicolo	D3
Battisti	A-B4	Einaudi Piazza	D3		E5-6	San Pier Damiano	E-F4
Battuzzi	A1-2	Ercolana	A-B4		E3	San Pietro Crisologo	A-B4
Beltrami	A1	Esarcato Piazzetta	B2		B5-6	San Vitale	B2/C2-3
Bernicoli	B1				B6-C6	San Vittore	C-D2
Berti	B-C1	Fabbri	A1		A5	Sant'Agata	D4-5
Bezzi	E2-3	Faller	D1-2		A6	Sant'Alberto	D1
Bixio	B5	Fanti	B2-3		B6	Santa Teresa	B4-5/C5
Boccaccio	D4	Fantuzzi	C4		A6-B6	Santi Baldini Viale	E4/F4-5
Boezio	D1	Farini Piazza	E-F3		B6-C6	Saporetti	B1
Bruno	D6	Farini Viale	D-E3		C2	Sart I.	D2
Caduti Per La Libertà Piazza	C4	Farosi Vico	A3		E6	Tarazzi	A3
Caduti Sul Lavoro Piazza	F4	Felisatti	A1		A2-3	Teodorico	F1-2
Cairolì	C3-4	Ferretti	A1		D4	Testi Rasponi	C1
Camerani	A1	Ferruzzi	C3		A5	Tombesi Dall'Ova	D4
Canale Molinetto Circ.	E6	Fiandrini	B2		C3	Torre Umbriatica Piazzale	C1
Candiano	F4	Firenze Largo	D4		D1	Torrice	D6
Canneti	C4	Fiume Montone Abbandonato	A3-4/B2-3		A3/B3-4	Traversari	C2
Capannetti Vicolo	D6	Fusconi	E6		D1	Tredici Giugno Piazza	D6/E6
Cappi	E6	Gabbiani Vico	C3		D1	Trento	F5
Carducci	E3	Gabici	D5		D4	Trieste	F4
Carraie	D-E6	Galla Placidia	C2		D6	Turati	D1
Carraie Vicolo	D6	Gamba	C2				
Carrari	D4-5	Gandhi Piazzetta	B3				
Carso	A5	Garatoni	B4-C4				
Casa Matha	C3	Gardini	C4				
Castagnevizza	C6	Garibaldi A. Piazza	D-E3				
Castel San Pietro	D6	Garibaldi G. Piazza	C-D3				
Castello Vicolo	D6	Genocchi, Padre	E4				
Cattaneo	B3	Gessi	C4				
Cavour	B-C3	Ghibizza	A3				
Cerchio	D-E5	Ghiselli	D2				
Cesarea	E6	Ginanni	C4				
Chartres	C5	Giordane	D1				
Chiesa	A2	Giustiniano	B-C2				
Chiesa D.	A4	Gordini	C-D4				
Claudia	B5	Gorizia	A4-5				
Col Di Lana	C6	Gradenigo	F4				
Colonna	E2-3	Gradisca	F5				
Corelli	D6	Guacciamanni	D4				
Coronelli	D6	Guerrini	C4		</		